Ready-mixed Concrete and Mortar Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS)



1. IDENTIFICATION OF SUBSTANCE/

PREPARATION & COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Name of substance: Ready-mixed Concrete and Mortar

This safety datasheet applies to cement-containing products

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC:

Hazardous - Irritant

R34, R38, R41, R43

Classification according to Regulation EC 1272/2008:

Signal Word: Danger

STOT SE3, Eye damage 1, Skin Sensitisation 1, Skin Irritation 2.

H315, H317, H318, H335, H372

Wet concrete can cause serious alkali burns if in direct contact with skin or eyes.

Skin:

Alkali burns, a form of skin ulceration, may result from contact with freshly mixed concrete.

Contact with strongly alkaline solutions such as concrete can initially cause nerve damage. Chemical burns may occur without the person being aware because they do not feel any pain.

Contact with wet cement mixes such as wet concrete can cause skin disease.

Irritant contact dermatitis is caused by the combination of the wetness, alkalinity and abrasiveness of the ready-mixed concrete.

Allergic contact dermatitis may be caused by individual sensitivity to chromium compounds in cement.

Eyes:

Wet concrete in contact with eyes can cause irritation, inflammation or serious alkali burns, which may lead to blindness.

Ingestion:

Swallowing small amounts of fresh concrete is unlikely to cause any significant reaction. Larger amounts can cause irritation of the stomach and intestines.

Inhalation:

Wet concrete is not likely to create dust, but respirable dust may be released by the surface treatment and cutting or drilling of hardened concrete. If inhaled in excessive quantities over a prolonged period or extended period, respirable dust can constitute a long-term health hazard.





Dusts containing Respirable Crystalline Silica* (quartz) present a greater hazard.

Long-term exposure to respirable dust can lead to respiratory system damage and

disease. Respirable crystalline silica has been associated with the lung disease silicosis.

The quartz content of the product will vary, and is related to the type of aggregate

used in the production of the concrete. Advice on the quartz content and other

chemical information is available from the supplying unit.

* Any references to respirable silica in this document only apply if hardened concrete is cut,

drilled, milled or planed.

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ready-mixed concrete is a mixture of:

- A cementitious material which may be cement or a mixture of cement with an addition (e.g. fly ash, ground granulated blast furnace slag or silica fume).
- · Fine and coarse aggregate.
- Water
- Admixtures or additives may be added to modify the properties of the fresh

or hardened concrete. Pigments may be added to colour the product.

Hazardous ingredients:

Substance name	EC No	%	DSD Classification	CLP Classification
Portland Cement	266-043-4	10-20	Xi; R34, R38, R41, R43	H315, 317,318, 335
Crystalline Silica*	238-878-4	Variable	Xn; R48/20	H372

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation:

If concrete dust is inhaled, remove to fresh air. If breathing difficulties or inflammation are experienced, seek medical attention.

Skin Contact:

Where skin contact occurs with wet concrete, either directly or through saturated clothing, the concrete must be washed off immediately with soap and water.

If wet concrete enters boots or gloves, or saturates clothing, remove article immediately and wash before re-use.

Eye Contact:

Immediately and thoroughly irrigate with copious amounts of eye wash solution or clean water. Seek medical attention immediately.

Ingestion:

Remove to fresh air. If person is conscious, rinse out mouth and give water to drink.

Seek medical advice.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Concrete is non-flammable and is not combustible.

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Not applicable.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Not applicable.

Special Exposure Hazards in Fire: None.

Special Protective Equipment for Fire Fighters: None.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions:

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wear impervious clothing, gloves and boots.

Wear eye protection. See Section 8 for guidance on personal protective equipment.

See Section 7 for guidance on handling the product.

Environmental Precautions:

Prevent wet concrete from entering watercourses, ditches and drains.

Methods for Cleaning:

Clean up any spillage before the concrete hardens, using suction or mechanical removal methods.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling:

Avoid skin and eye contact. Wet concrete can cause serious alkali burns if in direct contact with skin or eyes. Contact with concrete may also cause skin disease by the combination of the wetness, alkalinity and abrasiveness of the ready-mixed concrete. Allergic contact dermatitis may be caused by individual sensitivity to chromium compounds which may occur in cement.

Do not sit or kneel on wet, un-hardened concrete without wearing the correct personal protective equipment.

Where concrete enters boots or gloves, or saturates clothing, the article should be removed immediately and washed before further use.

Refer to Section 8 for guidance on personal protection.

Storage:

Ready-mixed concrete is normally used upon receipt. However, the hardening process of ready-mixed concrete can be delayed by the use of additions and/ or admixtures, extending the period during which the precautions given in this data sheet should continue to be taken and during which time access by unauthorised persons should be prevented.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Take Measures to Prevent:

- a) Direct skin or eye contact with fresh concrete. It is also important not to kneel or sit on the fresh concrete as harmful contact can occur through saturated clothing.
- b) Inhalation of dust created by the surface treatment and cutting of hardened concrete which may contain quartz. If inhaled in excessive quantities over an extended period,

Exposure Control Limits / Source

Total Dust	WEL	10mg/m3	8hrs	TWA
Respirable Dust	WEL	4mg/m3	8hrs	TWA
Respirable Quarts (Crystalline Silica SiO2)	WEL	0.1mg/m3	8hrs	TWA

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit

TWA = Time Weighted Average

Control Measures:

Dust caused by cutting or drilling hardened concrete should be controlled by containment, suppression and extraction/ filtration where possible.

Inhalation:

\$22 - Do not breathe dust.

Eyes, Skin and Hands:

\$24/25 - Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

S26 - In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

S36/37/39 - Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye / face protection.

Respiratory Protection:

Respiratory protection is not usually required when working with wet concrete, if work creates dust (e.g. when cutting or drilling hardened concrete), and engineering controls do not keep dust levels below the levels shown in the table above, then suitable respiratory protection should be used to protect against inhalation of dust, and to ensure exposure is below the Workplace Exposure Levels given in the table.



Hand Protection:

Impermeable gloves should be worn.



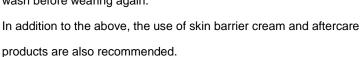
Eye Protection:

Eye protection should be worn to prevent the product entering the eyes (including dust).



Skin Protection:

Overalls and/or long-sleeved jackets and full-length trousers should be worn to protect skin from contact with wet concrete. Outer clothing should be waterproof if contact with wet concrete is likely. Wear impermeable boots to protect feet. Safety wellington boots should be worn If working with wet concrete, with waterproof trousers pulled over them to help prevent concrete entering the boots. If concrete saturates clothing, or enters gloves or boots, remove the articles immediately and wash before wearing again.





9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Grey, granular paste unless pigmented.

Odour: Slight, earthy odour

pH: Typically, 10-14

Boiling Point / Range: Not determined

Melting Point / Range: Not determined

Flash Point: Not applicable

Auto Flammability: Not applicable

Flammability: Not applicable

Explosive Properties: Not applicable **Oxidising Properties:** Not applicable

Vapour Pressure: Not applicable

Relative Density: Above 2.0

Water Solubility: Dependant on aggregate type

Fat Solubility: Not determined

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Conditions to Avoid: None

Materials to Avoid: None

Hazardous Decomposition Products: None

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Inhalation:

If inhaled over a prolonged or extended period, respirable dust from drilling or cutting hardened concrete can lead to respiratory system damage and disease. Respirable crystalline silica* has been associated with the lung disease silicosis.

Skin Contact:

Skin contact with wet concrete could result in serious alkali burns. Contact with concrete may also cause skin disease by the combination of the wetness, alkalinity and abrasiveness of the ready-mixed concrete. Allergic contact dermatitis may be caused by individual sensitivity to chromium compounds which may occur in cement.

Eye Contact:

Wet concrete in contact with eyes can cause irritation, inflammation or serious alkali burns, which may lead to blindness.

Ingestion:

Ingestion is very unlikely. Ingestion of large amounts may cause irritation of the stomach and intestines. Seek medical attention.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environmental Assessment:

When used and disposed of as intended, no adverse environmental effects are foreseen, and concrete should not pose a significant ecological hazard.

Prevent wet concrete entering watercourses, ditches & drains.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION

Safe Handling of Residues / Waste Product:

Hardened concrete is classed as non-hazardous and 'inert' but should be

disposed of in accordance with local and national legal requirements.

Hardened concrete can be readily recycled.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Special Carriage Requirements:

None – not classified as dangerous for transport.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

67/548/EEC:

Irritant Risk Phrases

R34 – May cause burns. R38 - Irritating to the skin.

R41 – Risk of serious damage to the eyes.

R43 - May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

Safety Phrases

S2 - Keep out of reach of children.

\$24/25 - Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

\$26 - In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek

Medical advice

\$36/37/39 - Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye / face protection.

EC 1272/2008: Danger

Eye Dam. 1, Skin Sens. 1, Skin Irrit 2; STOT SE3 (Inhalation of dust)

Hazard Statements

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H317 - May cause allergic skin reaction.

H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged and repeated exposure

(inhalation of respirable silica if hardened concrete is cut or drilled).

Precautionary Statements

P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

P261 - Avoid breathing dust.

P262 - Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

P281 – Use personal protective equipment as required (see Section 8)

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Training Advice:

Wear and use of PPE.

Recommended Uses and Applications:

Industrial and construction applications.

Further Information:

HSE Guidance Note EH40/2007 PPE Regulations 1992

COSHH Regulations 2002 Environmental Protection Act 1990

HSE Crystalline Silica EH59

Dangerous Substances Directive (DSD) 67/548/EEC

Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulations (CLP) EC1272/2008

Contact concrete @wilfnobles.co.uk for further information.

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